I. Non-Discrimination Laws**

This category evaluates whether discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity is prohibited by the city, county, or state in areas of employment, housing, and public accommodations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employment</th>
<th>Housing</th>
<th>Public Accommodations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCORE** 30 out of 30

FLEX Single-Occupancy All-Gender Facilities +0
FLEX Protects Youth from Conversion Therapy +0

II. Municipality as Employer

By offering equivalent benefits and protections to LGBT+ employees, awarding contracts to fair-minded businesses, and taking steps to ensure an inclusive workplace, municipalities commit themselves to treating LGBT+ employees equally.

Non-Discrimination in City Employment
Transgender-Inclusive Healthcare Benefits
City Contractor Non-Discrimination Ordinance
Inclusive Workplace

**SCORE** 14 out of 28

FLEX City Employee Domestic Partner Benefits +0

III. Municipal Services

This section assesses the efforts of the city to ensure LGBT+ residents are included in city services and programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Human Rights Commission</th>
<th>NDO Enforcement by Human Rights Commission</th>
<th>LGBT+ Liaison in City Executive’s Office</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCORE** 5 out of 12

FLEX Youth Bullying Prevention Policy for City Services +0
FLEX City Provides Services to LGBT+ Youth +0
FLEX City Provides Services to LGBT+ People Experiencing Homelessness +0
FLEX City Provides Services to LGBT+ Older Adults +0
FLEX City Provides Services to People Living with HIV or AIDS +0
FLEX City Provides Services to the Transgender Community +0

IV. Law Enforcement

Fair enforcement of the law includes responsible reporting of hate crimes and engaging with the LGBT+ community in a thoughtful and respectful way.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LGBT+ Liaison/Task Force in Police Department</th>
<th>Reported 2020 Hate Crimes Statistics to the FBI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCORE** 12 out of 22

FLEX Openly LGBT+ Elected or Appointed Leaders +0
FLEX City Tests Limits of Restrictive State Law +0

**V. Leadership on LGBTQ+ Equality**

This category measures the city leadership’s commitment to fully include the LGBT+ community and to advocate for full equality.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Leadership’s Pro-Equality Legislative or Policy Efforts</th>
<th>Leadership’s Public Position on LGBT+ Equality</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCORE** 8 out of 8

FLEX Openly LGBT+ Elected or Appointed Leaders +0
FLEX City Tests Limits of Restrictive State Law +0

**TOTAL SCORE 69 + TOTAL FLEX SCORE 0 =** Final Score 69

+CANNOT EXCEED 100+

** On June 15, 2020, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia that sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination are prohibited under federal sex-based employment protections. Nevertheless, it is imperative that localities continue enacting explicitly LGBT+-inclusive comprehensive non-discrimination laws since it will likely take additional litigation for Bostock to be fully applied to all sex-based protections under existing federal civil rights law. Moreover, federal law currently lacks sex-based protections in numerous key areas of life, including public spaces and services. Lastly, there are many invaluable benefits to localizing inclusive protections even when they exist on higher levels of government. For these reasons, the MEI will continue to only award credit in Part I for state, county, or municipal non-discrimination laws that expressly include sexual orientation and gender identity.

PTS FOR SEXUAL ORIENTATION = PTS FOR GENDER IDENTITY = FLEX PTS for criteria not accessible to all cities at this time.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT CITY SELECTION, CRITERIA OR THE MEI SCORING SYSTEM, PLEASE VISIT HRC.ORG/MEI.

All cities rated were provided their scorecard in advance of publication and given the opportunity to submit revisions. For feedback regarding a particular city’s scorecard, please email mail@hrc.org.