This category evaluates whether discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity is prohibited by the city, county, or state in areas of employment, housing, and public accommodations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>Municipal</th>
<th>Available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employment</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Accommodations</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Score</strong></td>
<td>24</td>
<td>out of 30</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By offering equivalent benefits and protections to LGBT+ employees, awarding contracts to fair-minded businesses, and taking steps to ensure an inclusive workplace, municipalities commit themselves to treating LGBT+ employees equally.

**Non-Discrimination in City Employment**

- Transgender-Inclusive Healthcare Benefits: 6
- City Contractor Non-Discrimination Ordinance: 3
- Inclusive Workplace: 2

**Score**

- **FLEX Single-Occupancy All-Gender Facilities**: +0
- **FLEX Protects Youth from Conversion Therapy**: -2
- **Score**: 28 out of 28

This section assesses the efforts of the city to ensure LGBT+ residents are included in city services and programs.

**Human Rights Commission**

- 5

**NDP Enforcement by Human Rights Commission**

- 2

**LGBT+ Liaison in City Executive’s Office**

- 5

**Score**

- **FLEX City Services to People Experiencing Homelessness**
- **FLEX City Services to People Living with HIV or AIDS**
- **FLEX City Services to the Transgender Community**

- **Score**: 12 out of 12

1. Non-Discrimination Laws**

2. Municipality as Employer

3. Municipal Services

4. Law Enforcement

5. Leadership on LGBTQ+ Equality

**Law Enforcement**

Fair enforcement of the law includes responsible reporting of hate crimes and engaging with the LGBT+ community in a thoughtful and respectful way.

- **LGBT+ Liaison/Task Force in Police Department**: 10
- **Reported 2020 Hate Crimes Statistics to the FBI**: 12

**Score**

- **Score**: 22 out of 22

This category measures the city leadership’s commitment to fully include the LGBT+ community and to advocate for full equality.

**Leadership’s Pro-Equality Legislative or Policy Efforts**

- **Score**: 5 out of 6

**Leadership’s Public Position on LGBTQ+ Equality**

- **Score**: 5 out of 5

**Leadership on LGBTQ+ Equality**

- **Score**: 8 out of 8

**TOTAL SCORE 94 + TOTAL FLEX SCORE 6 = Final Score 100**

CANNOT EXCEED 100

**On June 15, 2020, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia that sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination are prohibited under federal sex-based employment protections. Nevertheless, it is imperative that localities continue enacting explicitly LGBT+-inclusive comprehensive non-discrimination laws since it will likely take additional litigation for Bostock to be fully applied to all sex-based protections under existing federal civil rights law. Moreover, federal law currently lacks sex-based protections in numerous key areas of life, including public spaces and services. Lastly, there are many invaluable benefits to localizing inclusive protections even when they exist on higher levels of government. For these reasons, the MEI will continue to only award credit in Part I for state, county, or municipal non-discrimination laws that expressly include sexual orientation and gender identity.**

**PTS FOR GENDER IDENTITY**

- **PTS FOR SEXUAL ORIENTATION**

- **FLEX PTS for criteria not accessible to all cities at this time.**

For more information about city selection, criteria or the MEI scoring system, please visit hrc.org/mei.

All cities rated were provided their scorecard in advance of publication and given the opportunity to submit revisions. For feedback regarding a particular city’s scorecard, please email mail@hrc.org.