### I. Non-Discrimination Laws**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employment</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>Municipal</th>
<th>Available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Housing</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Accommodations</td>
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**Single-Occuption All-Gender Facilities**

**Transgender-Inclusive Healthcare Benefits**

**City Contractor Non-Discrimination Ordinance**

**Inclusive Workplace**

**SCORE**

30 out of 30

### II. Municipality as Employer

By offering equivalent benefits and protections to LGBT+ employees, awarding contracts to fair-minded businesses, and taking steps to ensure an inclusive workplace, municipalities commit themselves to treating LGBT+ employees equally.

**Non-Discrimination in City Employment**

**Transgender-Inclusive Healthcare Benefits**

**City Contractor Non-Discrimination Ordinance**

**Inclusive Workplace**

**SCORE**

10 out of 28

### III. Municipal Services

This section assesses the efforts of the city to ensure LGBT+ residents are included in city services and programs.

**Human Rights Commission**

**NDO Enforcement by Human Rights Commission**

**LGBTQ+ Liaison in City Executive’s Office**

**SCORE**

5 out of 12

### IV. Law Enforcement

Fair enforcement of the law includes responsible reporting of hate crimes and engaging with the LGBT+ community in a thoughtful and respectful way.

**LGBTQ+ Liaison/Task Force in Police Department**

**Reported 2020 Hate Crimes Statistics to the FBI**

**SCORE**

12 out of 22

### V. Leadership on LGBTQ+ Equality

This category measures the city leadership's commitment to fully include the LGBT+ community and to advocate for full equality.

**Leadership's Public Position on LGBTQ+ Equality**

**Leadership’s Pro-Equality Legislative or Policy Efforts**

**SCORE**

0 out of 8

**TOTAL SCORE 57 + TOTAL FLEX SCORE 4 = Final Score 61**

CANNOT EXCEED 100

**On June 15, 2020, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia that sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination are prohibited under federal sex-based employment protections. Nevertheless, it is imperative that localities continue enacting explicitly LGBT+-inclusive comprehensive non-discrimination laws since it will likely take additional litigation for Bostock to be fully applied to all sex-based protections under existing federal civil rights law. Moreover, federal law currently lacks sex-based protections in numerous key areas of life, including public spaces and services. Lastly, there are many invaluable benefits to localizing inclusive protections even when they exist on higher levels of government. For these reasons, the MEI will continue to only award credit in Part I for state, county, or municipal non-discrimination laws that expressly include sexual orientation and gender identity.**

**PTS FOR SEXUAL ORIENTATION ➤ PTS FOR GENDER IDENTITY ➤ FLEX PTS for criteria not accessible to all cities at this time.**

**FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT CITY SELECTION, CRITERIA OR THE MEI SCORING SYSTEM, PLEASE VISIT HRC.ORG/MEI.**

All cities rated were provided their scorecard in advance of publication and given the opportunity to submit revisions. For feedback regarding a particular city’s scorecard, please email mai@hrc.org.