## I. Non-Discrimination Laws**

This category evaluates whether discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity is prohibited by the city, county, or state in areas of employment, housing, and public accommodations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>Municipal</th>
<th>Available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employment</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Accommodations</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCORE 30 out of 30**

**FLEX**

- Single-Occupancy All-Gender Facilities
  - +0
- Protects Youth from Conversion Therapy
  - -2

**COUNTY**

- Non-Discrimination in City Employment
  - 0
- Transgender-Inclusive Healthcare Benefits
  - 0
- City Contractor Non-Discrimination Ordinance
  - 0
- Inclusive Workplace
  - 0

**SCORE 14 out of 28**

**MUNICIPAL**

- City Employee Domestic Partner Benefits
  - +0

**TOTAL FLEX SCORE 2**

**V. Leadership on LGBTQ+ Equality**

This category measures the city leadership’s commitment to fully include the LGBTQ+ community and to advocate for full equality.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Municipal</th>
<th>Available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leadership’s Public Position on LGBTQ+ Equality</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leadership’s Pro-Equality Legislative or Policy Efforts</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCORE 2 out of 8**

**FLEX**

- Openly LGBTQ+ Elected or Appointed Leaders
  - +0
- City Tests Limits of Restrictive State Law
  - +3

**V. Law Enforcement**

Fair enforcement of the law includes responsible reporting of hate crimes and engaging with the LGBTQ+ community in a thoughtful and respectful way.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Municipal</th>
<th>Available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LGBT+ Liaison/Task Force in Police Department</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reported 2020 Hate Crimes Statistics to the FBI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCORE 12 out of 22**

**III. Municipal Services**

This section assesses the efforts of the city to ensure LGBTQ+ residents are included in city services and programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>Municipal</th>
<th>Available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Human Rights Commission</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NDO Enforcement by Human Rights Commission</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LGBT+ Liaison in City Executive’s Office</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SCORE 5 out of 12**

**FLEX**

- Youth Bullying Prevention Policy for City Services
  - +0
- City Provides Services to LGBT+ Youth
  - +0
- City Provides Services to LGBT+ People Experiencing Homelessness
  - +0
- City Provides Services to LGBT+ Older Adults
  - +0
- City Provides Services to People Living with HIV or AIDS
  - +0
- City Provides Services to the Transgender Community
  - +0

**TOTAL SCORE 63 + TOTAL FLEX SCORE 2 = Final Score 65**

CANNOT EXCEED 100

**FLEX PTS**

For sexual orientation

For gender identity

FLEX PTS for criteria not accessible to all cities at this time.

**FTS FOR GENDER IDENTITY**

**FTS FOR SEXUAL ORIENTATION**

**FTS FOR CRITERIA NOT ACCESSIBLE TO ALL CITIES AT THIS TIME**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Municipal</th>
<th>Available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia
  - On June 15, 2020, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia that sexual orientation and gender identity discrimination are prohibited under federal sex-based employment protections. Nevertheless, it is imperative that localities continue enacting explicitly LGBTQ+-inclusive comprehensive non-discrimination laws since it will likely take additional litigation for Bostock to be fully applied to all sex-based protections under existing federal civil rights law. Moreover, federal law currently lacks sex-based protections in numerous key areas of life, including public spaces and services. Lastly, there are many invaluable benefits to localizing inclusive protections even when they exist on higher levels of government. For these reasons, the MEI will continue to only award credit in Part I for state, county, or municipal non-discrimination laws that expressly include sexual orientation and gender identity. | +1         | +1         |

**FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT CITY SELECTION, CRITERIA OR THE MEI SCORING SYSTEM, PLEASE VISIT HRC.ORG/MEI**

All cities rated were provided their scorecard in advance of publication and given the opportunity to submit revisions. For feedback regarding a particular city’s scorecard, please email mail@hrc.org.